# ZEFER – Table Ronde sur la mobilité hydrogène

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## Political targets for 2030 – 2035 in zero emission mobility



Sustainable and Smart Mobility Strategy

Adopted in December 2020 – Action Plan with 82 measures guiding the European Commission's mandate



**Overall objective towards 2050...** 



...translated into various milestone for zero emission mobility



**By 2030**, there will be at least 30 million zero-emissions cars and 80 000 zero-emission lorries in operation.



By 2030, there will be at least 100 climate-neutral cities in Europe.



All large and medium-sized cities put in place their own sustainable urban mobility plans **by 2030**.

### Political targets for 2030 – 2035 in zero emission mobility



Translation of these objectives into legislation

#### *From the Fit for 55 Package, legislation being finalized*:

| Legislation   | State of play   | Objective   |
|---|---|---|
| CO2 standards for light duty and passengers vehicles  | Adopted<br>Published in Official Journal<br>of the EU in April 2023 | <ul> <li>2030: Reduction of CO2 emission for new passengers cars of 55% by 2030/50% for light commercial vehicles)</li> <li>2035: all new passengers cars and light commercial vehicles should be zero emission</li> <li>Incentives mechanisms to support the sales of new zero and low emission LDV</li> </ul> |
| Alternative Fuel Infrastructures<br>Regulation (AFIR) | Agreement in trialogue  | 1 hydrogen refuelling station per urban node (city >100 000 hbts) for <b>2030</b> . Daily capacity of 1t and at least one 700bar refuelling point at each station (standard being 350bar)   |
| Renewable Energy Directive                            | Agreement in trialogue  | New targets : 29% renewable energy share within final consumption of energy in transport by <b>2030</b> . minimum requirement of 1% RFNBOs in transport   |

## Political targets for 2030 – 2035 in zero emission mobility



Translation of these objectives into legislation

*Legislation currently being negotiated or awaited for publication*:

| Legislation  | State of play                | Objective  |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Trans-european Network for<br>Transport regulation | Trialogues ongoing           | Urban nodes from 84 to 424<br>Each urban node has to do a Sustainable Urban Mobility Plan<br>by <b>2025</b> & link it with a Sustainable Urban Logistic Plan   |
| CO2 standards for heavy-duty vehicles              | Published in February 2023   | <ul> <li>-All new city buses 100% zero emissions as of 2030</li> <li>-Sales of new HDV 45% zero emissions as of 2030 and 90% zero emission as of 2040</li> <li>Makes logistics zero emissions inside cities as well</li> </ul> |
| Corporate fleet initiative                         | Publication expected in 2024 | Goal to increase the demand for zero emission vehicles with mandatory targets for corporate fleets   |

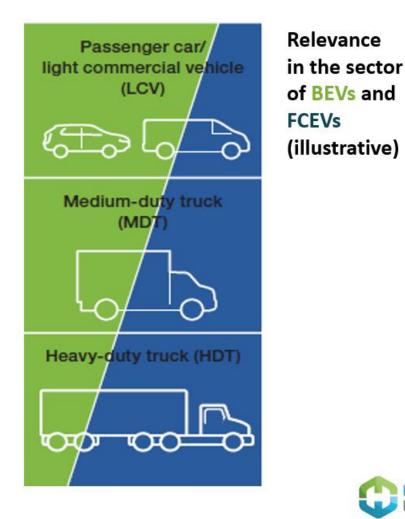
# **Battery Electric Vehicles and Fuel Cells Electric Vehicles are complementary**

Zero-emissions vehicles are expected to be powered by a mix of batteries (using electricity) and fuels cells (using hydrogen).

# Both technologies are **complementary** and FCEV can provide some advantages compared to BEV:

- Faster refuelling
- Longer range
- Better suited for some specific use cases :
  - Users without convenient access to e-charging
  - Users who require high flexibility or travel frequently (taxis)
  - Users in cold climates
  - Users with regular towing cases (deliveries, vans etc)

The optimal choice is not black and white.





# Zero emission mandates in cities – case for FCEV development



Potential of replicability

#### Zero emissions zones :

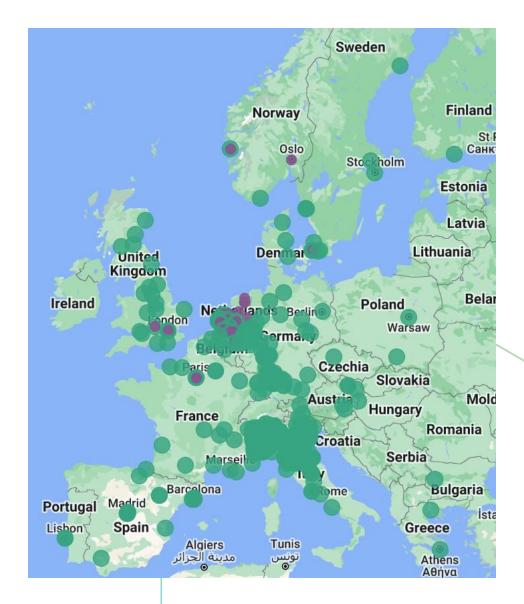
Includes all the C40 cities, committed that a major area of their city will be zero-emission by 2030 : includes Amsterdam, Paris, London, Copenhagen, Oslo, London, Oxford, Rotterdam... Only allows BEV and FCEV

#### Low emissions zones:

Berlin: low emission zone of 88km2
Bigger cities in France
Lots of cities in Italy, Germany, Warsaw, Madrid, Lisbon, Milan,
Leipzig, Colognem Stockholm...
The most polluting cars are regulated: vehicles with higher
emissions cannot enter the area or must pay. Usually the
threshold goes gradually down.



Momentum for zero emissions in cities – huge potential for FCEV to play a role



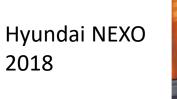
## Fuel Cells Electric Vehicles are already happening in urban mobility



BMW iX5 Hydrogen model 2022



Hyvia (Renault Group) 2024





Caetano (Toyota) FC buses 2019





Toyota Mirail 2 2021



Solaris FC Buses 2022



# Thank You



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